
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 001-36379

ENERGOUS CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State of incorporation)

46-1318953

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3590 North First Street, Suite 210, San Jose, CA 95134

(Address of principal executive office) (Zip code)

(408) 963-0200

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of November 3, 2017, there were 22,213,689 shares of our Common Stock, par value \$0.00001 per share, outstanding.

ENERGIOUS CORPORATION
FORM 10-Q
FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

**Energous Corporation
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS**

	As of	
	<u>September 30, 2017</u>	<u>December 31, 2016</u>
	(unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,223,859	\$ 31,258,637
Accounts receivable	250,500	149,500
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	719,931	1,374,585
Prepaid rent, current	80,784	80,784
Total current assets	<u>21,275,074</u>	<u>32,863,506</u>
Property and equipment, net	1,724,500	2,209,475
Prepaid rent, non-current	76,864	137,452
Other assets	32,512	48,507
Total assets	<u>\$ 23,108,950</u>	<u>\$ 35,258,940</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,169,930	\$ 4,707,763
Accrued expenses	1,658,816	1,867,995
Deferred revenue	29,136	131,959
Total current liabilities	<u>3,857,882</u>	<u>6,707,717</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred Stock, \$0.00001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016; no shares issued or outstanding	-	-
Common Stock, \$0.00001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016; 22,162,643 and 20,367,929 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.	220	202
Additional paid-in capital	181,915,820	153,075,595
Accumulated deficit	(162,664,972)	(124,524,574)
Total stockholders' equity	<u>19,251,068</u>	<u>28,551,223</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 23,108,950</u>	<u>\$ 35,258,940</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Energous Corporation
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	<u>For the Three Months Ended September 30,</u>		<u>For the Nine Months Ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Revenue	\$ 250,000	\$ 1,003,973	\$ 1,124,874	\$ 1,322,155
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	8,743,434	7,944,465	25,788,621	23,080,918
Sales and marketing	1,141,852	736,751	3,924,617	2,189,995
General and administrative	3,116,337	2,450,778	9,560,651	7,266,843
Total operating expenses	<u>13,001,623</u>	<u>11,131,994</u>	<u>39,273,889</u>	<u>32,537,756</u>
Loss from operations	(12,751,623)	(10,128,021)	(38,149,015)	(31,215,601)
Other income:				
Loss on sales of property and equipment, net	-	-	(726)	-
Interest income	3,375	2,958	9,343	9,441
Total	<u>3,375</u>	<u>2,958</u>	<u>8,617</u>	<u>9,441</u>
Net loss	<u>\$ (12,748,248)</u>	<u>\$ (10,125,063)</u>	<u>\$ (38,140,398)</u>	<u>\$ (31,206,160)</u>
Basic and diluted loss per common share	<u>\$ (0.58)</u>	<u>\$ (0.57)</u>	<u>\$ (1.81)</u>	<u>\$ (1.83)</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted	<u>21,958,729</u>	<u>17,912,743</u>	<u>21,034,391</u>	<u>17,016,717</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Energous Corporation
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Total Stockholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>			
Balance at January 1, 2017	20,367,929	\$ 202	\$153,075,595	\$(124,524,574)	\$ 28,551,223
Stock-based compensation - stock options	-	-	738,599	-	738,599
Stock-based compensation - restricted stock units ("RSUs")	-	-	9,865,351	-	9,865,351
Stock-based compensation - employee stock purchase plan ("ESPP")	-	-	266,398	-	266,398
Stock-based compensation - performance share units ("PSUs")	-	-	1,601,160	-	1,601,160
Stock-based compensation - deferred stock units ("DSUs")	-	-	1,362	-	1,362
Issuance of shares for RSUs	590,536	6	(6)	-	-
Issuance of shares for DSUs	14,953	-	-	-	-
Exercise of stock options	159,855	2	738,550	-	738,552
Cashless exercise of warrants	19,611	-	-	-	-
Shares purchased from contributions to the ESPP	33,620	-	696,274	-	696,274
Issuance of shares and warrants in a private placement, net of issuance costs of \$67,388	976,139	10	14,932,537	-	14,932,547
Net loss	-	-	-	(38,140,398)	(38,140,398)
Balance, September 30, 2017 (unaudited)	<u>22,162,643</u>	<u>\$ 220</u>	<u>\$181,915,820</u>	<u>\$(162,664,972)</u>	<u>\$ 19,251,068</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Energous Corporation
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (38,140,398)	\$ (31,206,160)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to:		
Net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	999,396	628,613
Stock based compensation	12,472,870	5,405,908
Amortization of prepaid rent from stock issuance to landlord	60,588	60,588
Loss on sales of property and equipment, net	726	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(101,000)	(625,000)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	654,654	(484,284)
Other assets	15,995	2,823
Accounts payable	(2,537,833)	948,700
Accrued expenses	(209,179)	717,002
Deferred revenue	(102,823)	112,245
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(26,887,004)</u>	<u>(24,439,565)</u>
Cash flows used in investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(517,947)	(858,445)
Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment	2,800	-
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(515,147)</u>	<u>(858,445)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net proceeds for issuance of shares to a private investor	14,932,547	19,890,660
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	738,552	270,716
Proceeds from contributions to employee stock purchase plan	696,274	533,005
Shares repurchased for tax withholdings on vesting of RSUs	-	(266,217)
Shares repurchased for tax withholdings on vesting of PSUs	-	(46,463)
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>16,367,373</u>	<u>20,381,701</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(11,034,778)	(4,916,309)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	31,258,637	29,872,564
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	<u>\$ 20,223,859</u>	<u>\$ 24,956,255</u>
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activities:		
Common stock issued for RSUs	\$ 6	\$ 4
Common stock issued for PSUs	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Note 1 - Business Organization, Nature of Operations

Energous Corporation (the “Company”) was incorporated in Delaware on October 30, 2012. The Company has developed a technology called WattUp® that consists of proprietary semiconductor chipsets, software, hardware designs and antennas that can enable RF-based wire-free charging for electronic devices, providing power at a distance and ultimately enabling charging with mobility under full software control. Pursuant to a Strategic Alliance Agreement with Dialog Semiconductor plc (“Dialog”), a related party (see Note 7 - Related Party Transactions), Dialog will manufacture and distribute integrated circuit products (“ICs”) incorporating the Company’s RF-based wire-free charging technology. Dialog will be the exclusive supplier of these ICs for the general market. The Company believes its proprietary technology can potentially be utilized in a variety of devices, including wearables, Internet of Things (“IoT”) devices, smartphones, tablets, e-book readers, keyboards, mice, remote controls, rechargeable lights, cylindrical batteries and any other device with similar charging requirements that would otherwise need a battery or a connection to a power outlet.

The Company is using its WattUp technology to develop solutions that charge electronic devices by surrounding them with a contained three-dimensional radio frequency (“RF”) energy pocket (“RF energy pocket”). The Company is engineering solutions that are expected to enable the wire-free transmission of energy from multiple WattUp transmitters to multiple WattUp receiving devices within a range of up to fifteen (15) feet in radius or in a circular charging envelope of up to thirty (30) feet. The Company is also developing a transmitter technology to seamlessly mesh, much like a network of WiFi routers, to form a wire-free charging network that will allow users to charge their devices as they walk from room-to-room or throughout a large space. To date, the Company has developed multiple transmitter prototypes in various form factors and power capabilities. The Company has also developed multiple receiver prototypes supporting smartphone battery cases, toys, fitness trackers, Bluetooth headsets and tracking devices, as well as stand-alone receivers.

The market for products using the Company’s technology is nascent and unproven, so the Company’s success is sensitive to many factors, including technological feasibility, regulatory approval, customer acceptance, competition and global market fluctuations.

Note 2 - Liquidity and Management Plans

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company recorded revenue of \$250,000 and \$1,124,874, and during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company recorded revenue of \$1,003,973 and \$1,322,155, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company recorded net losses of \$12,748,248 and \$38,140,398, and during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company recorded net losses of \$10,125,063 and \$31,206,160, respectively. Net cash used in operating activities was \$26,887,004 and \$24,439,565 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The Company is currently meeting its liquidity requirements through sales of shares to private investors during August 2016, November 2016, December 2016 and July 2017, which raised total net proceeds of \$49,720,858, and payments received under product development projects.

As of September 30, 2017, the Company had cash on hand of \$20,223,859. The Company expects that cash on hand as of September 30, 2017, together with anticipated payments to be received under current product development projects and anticipated royalties from chip revenue, together with potential new financing activities including potential sales of stock, will be sufficient to fund the Company’s operations through at least one year from the issuance of these unaudited condensed interim financial statements.

Research and development of new technologies is, by its nature, unpredictable. Although the Company will undertake development efforts with commercially reasonable diligence, there can be no assurance that its available resources will be sufficient to enable it to develop and obtain regulatory approval of its technology to the extent needed to create future revenues sufficient to sustain its operations. The Company expects to pursue additional financing, which could include follow-on equity offerings, debt financing, co-development agreements or other alternatives, depending upon market conditions. Should the Company choose to pursue additional financing, there is no assurance that it would be able to do so on terms that are favorable to the Company or its stockholders.

Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"), and pursuant to the accounting and disclosure rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2017. The accounting policies used in preparing these unaudited condensed interim financial statements are consistent with those described in the Company's December 31, 2016 audited financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported expenses during the reporting periods.

The Company's significant estimates and assumptions include the valuation of stock-based compensation instruments, recognition of revenue, the useful lives of long-lived assets, and income tax expense. Some of these judgments can be subjective and complex, and, consequently, actual results may differ from these estimates. Although the Company believes that its estimates and assumptions are reasonable, they are based upon information available at the time the estimates and assumptions were made. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash balances that may be uninsured or in deposit accounts that exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limits. The Company maintains its cash deposits with major financial institutions.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when all of the following criteria have been met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, services have been rendered, collection of the revenue is reasonably assured, and the fees are fixed or determinable.

The Company records revenue associated with product development projects that it enters into with certain customers. In general, these projects are associated with complex technology development, and as such the Company does not have certainty about its ability to achieve the program milestones. Achievement of the milestone is dependent on the Company's performance and typically requires acceptance by the customer. Payments associated with milestone achievements are generally commensurate with the Company's effort or the value of the deliverable and are nonrefundable.

The Company also receives nonrefundable payments, typically at the beginning of a customer relationship, which are not based on milestones. The Company recognizes this revenue ratably over the initial engineering product development period. The Company records the expenses related to product development projects, generally included in research and development expense, in the periods incurred.

Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Research and Development

Research and development expenses are charged to operations as incurred. For internally developed patents, all patent application costs are expensed as incurred as research and development expense. Patent application costs, generally legal costs, are expensed as research and development costs until such time as the future economic benefits of such patents become more certain. The Company incurred research and development costs of \$8,743,434 and \$7,944,465 for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, and \$25,788,621 and \$23,080,918 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for equity instruments issued to employees in accordance with accounting guidance that requires awards to be recorded at their fair value on the date of grant and are amortized over the vesting period of the award. The Company recognizes stock-based compensation expense, for the portion of the awards that are ultimately expected to vest, on a straight line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is typically its vesting period for those awards.

On April 10, 2015, the Company's board of directors approved the Energous Corporation Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"), under which 600,000 shares of common stock were reserved for purchase by the Company's employees, subject to approval by the stockholders. On May 21, 2015, the Company's stockholders approved the ESPP. Under the plan, employees may purchase a limited number of shares of common stock at a 15% discount from the lower of the closing market prices measured on the first and last days of each half-year period. The Company recognizes compensation expense for the fair value of the purchase options, as measured on the grant date.

Income Taxes

Tax benefits are recognized only for tax positions that are more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by tax authorities. The amount recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely to be realized upon settlement. A liability for "unrecognized tax benefits" is recorded for any tax benefits claimed in the Company's tax returns that do not meet these recognition and measurement standards. As of September 30, 2017, no liability for unrecognized tax benefits was required to be reported. The guidance also discusses the classification of related interest and penalties on income taxes. The Company's policy is to record interest and penalties on uncertain tax positions as a component of income tax expense. No interest or penalties were recorded during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016.

Net Loss Per Common Share

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares and, if dilutive, potential common shares outstanding during the period. Potential common shares consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and warrants (using the treasury stock method), the vesting of restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance stock units ("PSUs") and deferred stock units ("DSUs") and the enrollment of employees in the ESPP. The computation of diluted loss per share excludes potentially dilutive securities of 7,862,420 and 5,546,269 shares for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, and 7,862,420 and 5,546,269 shares for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, because their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Net Loss Per Common Share, continued

Potentially dilutive securities outlined in the table below have been excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share because the effect of their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Financing Warrant to purchase common stock	13,889	13,889	13,889	13,889
IPO Warrants to purchase common stock	11,600	13,200	11,600	13,200
Investor Relations Consulting Warrant	-	23,250	-	23,250
Investor Relations Incentive Warrant	-	15,000	-	15,000
Warrant issued to private investors	3,035,688	1,618,123	3,035,688	1,618,123
Options to purchase common stock	1,149,589	1,333,357	1,149,589	1,333,357
RSUs	2,498,037	1,443,529	2,498,037	1,443,529
PSUs	1,153,617	1,070,968	1,153,617	1,070,968
DSUs	-	14,953	-	14,953
Total potentially dilutive securities	<u>7,862,420</u>	<u>5,546,269</u>	<u>7,862,420</u>	<u>5,546,269</u>

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (Topic 606) ("ASU 2014-09"), which supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASU Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition," and most industry-specific guidance. ASU 2014-09 is based on the principle that revenue is recognized to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments, and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. Originally, ASU 2014-09 would be effective for the Company starting January 1, 2017 using either of two methods: (i) retrospective to each prior reporting period presented with the option to elect certain practical expedients as defined within ASU 2014-09; or (ii) retrospective with the cumulative effect of initially applying ASU 2014-09 recognized at the date of initial application and providing certain additional disclosures as defined per ASU 2014-09. In July 2015, FASB voted to amend ASU 2014-09 by approving a one-year deferral of the effective date as well as providing the option to early adopt the standard on the original effective date. The Company is in the process of evaluating the effects, if any, that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements.

In August 2014, FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements—Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern. This standard is intended to define management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an organization's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related footnote disclosures. Under US GAAP, financial statements are prepared under the presumption that the reporting organization will continue to operate as a going concern, except in limited circumstances. Financial reporting under this presumption is commonly referred to as the going concern basis of accounting.

Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Recent Accounting Pronouncements, continued

The going concern basis of accounting is critical to financial reporting because it establishes the fundamental basis for measuring and classifying assets and liabilities. Currently, US GAAP lacks guidance about management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about the organization's ability to continue as a going concern or to provide related footnote disclosures. This ASU provides guidance to an organization's management, with principles and definitions that are intended to reduce diversity in the timing and content of disclosures that are commonly provided by organizations today in the financial statement footnotes. The amendments are effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company adopted ASU 2014-15 and management has made the appropriate evaluations and disclosures in Note 2 - Liquidity and Management Plans.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs." This standard amends existing guidance to require the presentation of debt issuance costs in the balance sheet as a deduction from the carrying amount of the related debt liability instead of a deferred charge. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The Company has adopted ASU 2015-03, and the adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-15, "Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements" - Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to Staff Announcement at June 18, 2015, which clarified the SEC staff's position on presenting and measuring debt issuance costs incurred in connection with line-of-credit arrangements. ASU 2015-15 should be adopted concurrently with the adoption of ASU 2015-03. The Company has adopted ASU 2015-15, and the adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-17, "Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes" ("ASU 2015-17"). The standard requires that deferred tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent in a classified statement of financial position. ASU 2015-17 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. ASU 2015-17 may be applied either prospectively, for all deferred tax assets and liabilities, or retrospectively. The Company has early adopted ASU 2015-17 effective December 31, 2015, retrospectively. The adoption of this standard had no impact on the results of operations.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, "Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" ("ASU 2016-01"). The standard addresses certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments. ASU 2016-01 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this new standard will have on its financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" ("ASU 2016-02"). This standard requires that a lessee recognize the assets and liabilities that arise from operating leases. A lessee should recognize in the statement of financial position a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. For leases with a term of 12 months or less, a lessee is permitted to make an accounting policy election by class of underlying asset not to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities. In transition, lessees and lessors are required to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this new standard will have on its financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-08, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) - Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net)" ("ASU 2016-08"). ASU No. 2016-08 maintains the core principles of Topic 606 on revenue recognition, but clarifies whether an entity is a principal or an agent in a contract and the appropriate revenue recognition principles under each of these circumstances. The amendments in ASU 2016-08 affect the guidance of ASU 2014-09 which is not yet effective. The Company is in the process of evaluating the effects, if any, that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements.

Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Recent Accounting Pronouncements, continued

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, "Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718) — Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting." ASU No. 2016-09 includes provisions to simplify certain aspects related to the accounting for share-based awards and the related financial statement presentation. This ASU includes a requirement that the tax effect related to the settlement of share-based awards be recorded in income tax benefit or expense in the statements of earnings. This change is required to be adopted prospectively in the period of adoption. In addition, the ASU modifies the classification of certain share-based payment activities within the statements of cash flows and these changes are required to be applied retrospectively to all periods presented, or in certain cases prospectively, beginning in the period of adoption. ASU No. 2016-09 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company adopted ASU 2016-09 effective January 1, 2017. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the results of operations.

In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-10, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) - Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing." ASU No. 2016-10 maintains the core principles of Topic 606 on revenue recognition, but clarifies identification of performance obligations and licensing implementation guidance. The amendments in ASU 2016-10 affect the guidance of ASU 2014-09 which is not yet effective. The Company is in the process of evaluating the effects, if any, that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements.

In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) - Narrow- Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients." ASU No. 2016-12 maintains the core principles of Topic 606 on revenue recognition, but addresses collectability, sales tax presentation, noncash consideration, contract modifications at transition and completed contracts at transition. The amendments in ASU 2016-12 affect the guidance of ASU 2014-09 which is not yet effective. The Company is in the process of evaluating the effects, if any, that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326) - Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." ASU No. 2016-13 provides financial statement reader more decision-useful information about the expected credit losses on financial instruments and other commitments to extend credit held by a reporting entity at each reporting date. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company will evaluate the effects, if any, that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230) - Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments." ASU No. 2016-15 addresses eight specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing the existing diversity in practice. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on its financial statements.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-18, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230) - Restricted Cash." ASU No. 2016-18 requires an entity to include amounts described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

In December 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-20, "Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers." ASU No. 2016-20 amends certain aspects of ASU No. 2014-09 and clarifies, rather than changes, the core revenue recognition principles in ASU No. 2014-09. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is in the process of evaluating the effects, if any, that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements.

Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Recent Accounting Pronouncements, continued

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-09, "Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718) – Scope of Modification Accounting." ASU No. 2017-09 provides clarity and reduces complexity when applying the guidance in Topic 718 for changes in terms or conditions of share-based payment awards. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this new standard will have on its financial statements.

In July 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued a two-part Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2017-11, I. Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments With Down Round Features and II. Replacement of the Indefinite Deferral for Mandatorily Redeemable Financial Instruments of Certain Nonpublic Entities and Certain Mandatorily Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests With a Scope Exception ("ASU 2017-11"). ASU 2017-11 amends guidance in FASB ASC 260, Earnings Per Share, FASB ASC 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity, and FASB ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging. The amendments in Part I of ASU 2017-11 change the classification analysis of certain equity-linked financial instruments (or embedded features) with down round features. The amendments in Part II of ASU 2017-11 re-characterize the indefinite deferral of certain provisions of Topic 480 that now are presented as pending content in the Codification, to a scope exception. Those amendments do not have an accounting effect. ASU 2017-11 is effective for public business entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this new standard will have on its financial statements.

Management's Evaluation of Subsequent Events

The Company evaluates events that have occurred after the balance sheet date of September 30, 2017, through the date which the financial statements are issued. Based upon the review, other than events disclosed in Note 8 - Subsequent Events, the Company did not identify any subsequent events that would have required adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

Note 4 - Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases

On September 10, 2014, the Company entered into a Lease Agreement ("Lease") with Balzer Family Investments, L.P. ("Landlord") related to space located at Northpointe Business Center, 3590 North First Street, San Jose, California. The initial term of the lease is 60 months, with initial monthly base rent of \$36,720 and the lease is subject to certain annual escalations as defined in the agreement. On October 1, 2014, the Company relocated its headquarters to this new location. The Company issued to the Landlord 41,563 shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$500,000, of which \$400,000 will be applied to reduce the Company's monthly base rent obligation by \$6,732 per month and of which \$100,000 was for certain tenant improvements. The Company recorded \$400,000 as prepaid rent on its balance sheet, which is being amortized over the term of the lease and recorded \$100,000 as leasehold improvements.

On February 26, 2015, the Company entered into a sub-lease agreement for additional space in the San Jose, California area. The agreement has a term which expires on June 30, 2019 and a current monthly rent of \$6,493 per month. On August 25, 2015, the Company entered into an additional amended sub-lease agreement for additional space in San Jose, California. The agreement has a term which expires on June 30, 2019 and a current monthly rent of \$4,458 per month. These leases are subject to certain annual escalations as defined in the agreements.

On July 9, 2015, the Company entered into a sub-lease agreement for additional space in Costa Mesa, California. The agreement has a term which expired on September 30, 2017 and a monthly rent of \$6,376 per month. On May 31, 2017, the Company entered into a lease agreement for the same space in Costa Mesa, California. The agreement has a term that expires on September 30, 2019 with initial monthly rent of \$9,040 and is subject to certain annual escalations as defined in the agreement.

Note 4 - Commitments and Contingencies, continued

Operating Leases, continued

The future minimum lease payments for leased locations are as follows:

For the Years Ended December 31,	Amount
2017 (Three Months)	\$ 158,279
2018	640,202
2019	457,585
Total	<u>\$ 1,256,066</u>

Development and Licensing Agreements

In 2015, the Company signed a development and licensing agreement with a consumer electronics company to embed WattUp wire-free charging receiver technology in various products including, but not limited to, certain mobile consumer electronics and related accessories. On March 31, 2016, the Company received payment of \$500,000 pursuant to the February 15, 2016 commencement of the second phase described in the third amendment of this agreement, of which the Company recorded \$0 and \$69,573 in revenue during the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, and \$79,824 and \$387,755 in revenue during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. During the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company recognized milestone revenue of \$250,000 and \$875,000, and during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company recognized milestone revenue of \$1,000,000 and \$875,000, respectively.

In 2016, the Company entered into an agreement with a commercial and industrial supply company, under which the Company will develop wire-free charging solutions. The Company recognized \$0 and \$44,550 of revenue from this agreement during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively.

Hosted Design Solution Agreement

On June 25, 2015, the Company entered into a three-year agreement to license electronic design automation software in a hosted environment. Pursuant to the agreement, under which services began July 13, 2015, the Company is required to remit quarterly payments in the amount of \$100,568 with the last payment due March 30, 2018. On December 18, 2015, the agreement was amended to redefine the hardware and software configuration and the quarterly payments increased to \$198,105.

Amended Employee Agreement - Stephen Rizzone

On April 3, 2015, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Executive Employment Agreement with Stephen R. Rizzone, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer ("Employment Agreement").

The Employment Agreement has an effective date of January 1, 2015 and an initial term of four years (the "Initial Employment Period"). The Employment Agreement provides for an annual base salary of \$365,000, and Mr. Rizzone is eligible to receive quarterly cash bonuses with a total target amount equal to 100% of his base salary based upon achievement of performance-based objectives established by the Company's board of directors.

Pursuant to Mr. Rizzone's prior employment agreement, on December 12, 2013 Mr. Rizzone was granted a ten year option to purchase 275,689 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.68 vesting over four years in 48 monthly installments beginning October 1, 2013 ("First Option"). Mr. Rizzone was also granted a second option award to purchase 496,546 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$6.00 ("Second Option"). The Second Option vests over the same vesting schedule as the First Option.

Note 4 - Commitments and Contingencies, continued

Amended Employee Agreement - Stephen Rizzone, continued

Effective May 21, 2015, with the approval by the Company's stockholders of its new performance-based equity plan, the Employment Agreement provided and Mr. Rizzone received, a grant of 639,075 Performance Share Units (the "PSUs"). The PSUs, which represent the right to receive shares of common stock, shall be earned based on the Company's achievement of market capitalization growth between the effective date of the Employment Agreement and the end of the Initial Employment Period. If the Company's market capitalization is \$100 million or less, no PSUs will be earned. If the Company reaches a market capitalization of \$1.1 billion or more, 100% of the PSUs will be earned. For market capitalization between \$100 million and \$1.1 billion, the percentage of PSUs earned will be determined on a quarterly basis based on straight line interpolation. PSUs earned as of the end of a calendar quarter will be paid 50% immediately and 50% will be deferred until the end of the Initial Employment Period subject to Mr. Rizzone's continued employment with the Company (See Note 6).

Mr. Rizzone is also eligible to receive all customary and usual benefits generally available to senior executives of the Company.

The Employment Agreement provides that if Mr. Rizzone's employment is terminated due to his death or disability, if Mr. Rizzone's employment is terminated by the Company without cause or if he resigns for good reason, twenty-five percent (25%) of the shares subject to the First Option and the Second Option shall immediately vest and become exercisable, he will have a period of one year post-termination to exercise the First Option and the Second Option, and if a Liquidation Event (as defined in the Employment Agreement) shall occur prior to the termination of the First Option and the Second Option, one hundred percent (100%) of the shares subject to the First Option and Second Option shall immediately vest and become exercisable effective immediately prior to the consummation of the Liquidation Event. In addition, any outstanding deferred PSUs shall be immediately vested and paid, but any remaining unearned portion of the PSUs shall immediately be canceled and forfeited.

Strategic Alliance Agreement

In November 2016, the Company and Dialog, a related party (see Note 7 - Related Party Transactions), entered into a Strategic Alliance Agreement ("Alliance Agreement") for the manufacture, distribution and commercialization of products incorporating the Company's wire-free charging technology ("Licensed Products"). Pursuant to the terms of the Alliance Agreement, the Company agreed to engage Dialog as the exclusive supplier of the Licensed Products for specified fields of use, subject to certain exceptions (the "Company Exclusivity Requirement"). Dialog agreed to not distribute, sell or work with any third party to develop any competing products without the Company's approval (the "Dialog Exclusivity Requirement"). In addition, both parties agreed on a revenue sharing arrangement and will collaborate on the commercialization of Licensed Products based on a mutually-agreed upon plan. Each party will retain all of its intellectual property.

The Alliance Agreement has an initial term of seven years and will automatically renew annually thereafter unless terminated by either party upon 180 days' prior written notice. The Company may terminate the Alliance Agreement at any time after the third anniversary of the Agreement upon 180 days' prior written notice to Dialog, or if Dialog breaches certain exclusivity obligations. Dialog may terminate the Alliance Agreement if sales of Licensed Products do not meet specified targets. The Company Exclusivity Requirement will terminate upon the earlier of January 1, 2021 or the occurrence of certain events relating to the Company's pre-existing exclusivity obligations. The Dialog Exclusivity Requirement will terminate if no Licensed Products have received the necessary Federal Communications Commission approvals within specified timeframes.

In addition to the Alliance Agreement, the Company and Dialog entered into a securities purchase agreement (see Note 5 - Stockholders' Equity).

Note 5 - Stockholders' Equity

Authorized Capital

The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share. Holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared by the board of directors out of legally available funds. Upon the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, holders of common stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets of the Company that are legally available for distribution.

Filing of registration statement

On April 24, 2015, the Company filed a "shelf" registration statement on Form S-3, which became effective on April 30, 2015. The "shelf" registration statement allows the Company from time to time to sell any combination of debt or equity securities described in the registration statement up to aggregate proceeds of \$75,000,000.

Pursuant to the shelf registration, on November 17, 2015, the Company consummated an offering of 3,000,005 shares of common stock at \$6.90 per share and received from the underwriters' net proceeds of \$19,333,032 (net of underwriters' discount of \$1,242,002 and underwriters' offering expenses of \$125,000). The Company incurred additional offering expenses of \$284,576, yielding net proceeds from the offering under shelf registration of \$19,048,456.

Private Placements

On August 9, 2016, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with Ascend Legend Master Fund, Ltd. pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell to Ascend Legend Master Fund, Ltd., and its affiliates, 1,618,123 shares of common stock at a price of \$12.36 per share and a warrant to purchase up to 1,618,123 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$23.00 per share. The aggregate proceeds from the sale of these shares was \$20,000,000.

On November 7, 2016, the Company and Dialog, a related party (see Note 7 - Related Party Transactions), entered into a securities purchase agreement pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell to Dialog 763,552 shares of common stock at a price of \$13.0967 per share and a warrant to purchase up to 763,552 shares of common stock that may be exercised only on a cashless basis at a price of \$17.0257 per share, and may be exercised at any time between the date that is six months and a day after the closing date of the transaction and the three-year anniversary of the closing date. The aggregate proceeds from the sale of these shares was \$10,000,011.

On December 30, 2016, the Company and JT Group entered into a securities purchase agreement pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell to JT Group 292,056 shares of common stock at a price of \$17.12 per share. The aggregate proceeds from the sale of these shares was \$4,999,975.

On June 28, 2017, the Company and Dialog Semiconductor entered into a securities purchase agreement pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell Dialog 976,139 shares of common stock at a price of \$15.3666 per share and a warrant to purchase up to 654,013 shares of common stock that may be exercised only on a cashless basis at a price of \$19.9766 per share, and may be exercised at any time between the date that is six months and one day after the closing date of the transaction and the three-year anniversary of the closing date. The aggregate proceeds from the sale of these shares, which were issued on July 5, 2017, was \$14,999,935.

Note 6 – Stock-Based Compensation

Equity Incentive Plans

2013 Equity Incentive Plan

In December 2013, the Company's board and stockholders approved the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan, providing for the issuance of equity-based instruments covering up to an initial total of 1,042,167 shares of common stock.

Effective on March 10, 2014, the Company's board of directors and stockholders approved the First Amendment to the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan which provided for an increase in the aggregate number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan to equal 18% of the total number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately following the completion of the IPO (assuming for this purpose the issuance of all shares issuable under the Company's equity plans, the conversion into common stock of all outstanding securities that are convertible by their terms into common stock and the exercise of all options and warrants exercisable for shares of common stock and including shares and warrants issued to the underwriters for such IPO upon exercise of its over-allotment options).

As of March 27, 2014, the aggregate total number of shares which may be issued under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan was increased to 2,335,967.

Effective on May 19, 2016, the Company's stockholders approved the amendment and restatement of the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan to increase the number of shares reserved for issuance thereunder by 2,150,000 shares, bringing the total number of approved shares to 4,485,967 under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan.

As of September 30, 2017, 837,603 shares of common stock remained available to be issued through equity-based instruments under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan.

2014 Non-Employee Equity Compensation Plan

On March 6, 2014, the Company's board of directors and stockholders approved the 2014 Non-Employee Equity Compensation Plan for the issuance of equity-based instruments covering up to 250,000 shares of common stock to directors and other non-employees.

Effective on May 19, 2016, the Company's stockholders approved the amendment and restatement of the 2014 Equity Incentive Plan to increase the number of shares reserved for issuance thereunder by 350,000 shares, bringing the total number of approved shares to 600,000 under the 2014 Non-Employee Equity Compensation Plan.

As of September 30, 2017, 292,655 shares of common stock remained available to be issued through equity-based instruments under the 2014 Non-Employee Equity Compensation Plan.

2015 Performance Share Unit Plan

On April 10, 2015, the Company's board of directors approved the Energen Corporation 2015 Performance Share Unit Plan (the "Performance Share Plan"), under which 1,310,104 shares of common stock became available for issuance as PSUs to a select group of employees and directors, subject to approval by the stockholders. On May 21, 2015, the Company's stockholders approved the Performance Share Plan.

As of September 30, 2017, 31,951 shares of common stock remain available to be issued through equity-based instruments under the Performance Share Unit Plan.

Note 6 – Stock-Based Compensation, continued

Equity Incentive Plans, continued

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

On April 10, 2015, the Company's board of directors approved the ESPP, under which 600,000 shares of common stock have been reserved for purchase by the Company's employees, subject to approval by the stockholders. On May 21, 2015, the Company's stockholders approved the ESPP. Employees may designate an amount not less than 1% but not more than 10% of their annual compensation, but for not more than 7,500 shares during an offering period. An offering period shall be six months in duration commencing on or about January 1 and July 1 of each year. The exercise price of the option will be the lesser of 85% of the fair market value of the common stock on the first business day of the offering period and 85% of the fair market value of the common stock on the applicable exercise date.

As of September 30, 2017, 435,001 shares of common stock remained available to be issued under the ESPP. As of September 30, 2017, employees contributed \$224,808 through payroll withholdings to the ESPP for the current eligibility period. A total of 33,620 shares were purchased during the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Stock Option Award Activity

The following is a summary of the Company's stock option activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2017:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Life In Years	Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2017	1,309,444	\$ 4.55	7.1	\$ 16,107,929
Granted	-	-	-	-
Exercised	(159,855)	4.62	-	-
Forfeited	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at September 30, 2017	<u>1,149,589</u>	<u>\$ 4.54</u>	<u>6.4</u>	<u>\$ 9,336,144</u>
Exercisable at January 1, 2017	1,057,187	\$ 4.55	7.1	\$ 12,988,601
Vested	238,704	4.53	-	-
Exercised	(159,855)	4.62	-	-
Forfeited	-	-	-	-
Exercisable at September 30, 2017	<u>1,136,036</u>	<u>\$ 4.54</u>	<u>6.6</u>	<u>\$ 9,223,375</u>

As of September 30, 2017, the unamortized value of options was \$26,351. As of September 30, 2017, the unamortized portion will be expensed over a weighted average period of 0.4 years.

Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs")

During the first quarter of 2017, the compensation committee of the board of directors ("Compensation Committee") granted various directors RSUs under which the holders have the right to receive an aggregate of 48,844 shares of common stock. These awards were granted under the 2014 Non-Employee Equity Compensation Plan. The awards vest fully on the first anniversary of the grant date.

During the first quarter of 2017, the Compensation Committee granted employees inducement RSU awards under which the holders have the right to receive an aggregate of 246,000 shares of common stock. The awards vest over four years beginning on the anniversary of the employee hire dates.

Note 6 - Stock-Based Compensation, continued

Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”), continued

During the first quarter of 2017, the Compensation Committee granted various employees RSU awards under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan under which the holders have the right to receive an aggregate of 351,080 shares of common stock. The awards vest over terms from two to four years.

During the second quarter of 2017, the Compensation Committee granted various consultants RSUs under which the holders have the right to receive an aggregate of 8,400 shares of common stock. These awards were granted under the 2014 Non-Employee Equity Compensation Plan. The awards vest over terms from two to four years.

During the second quarter of 2017, the Compensation Committee granted employees inducement RSU awards under which the holders have the right to receive an aggregate of 120,000 shares of common stock. A majority of the awards vest over four years beginning on the anniversary of the employee hire dates.

During the second quarter of 2017, the Compensation Committee granted employees RSU awards under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan under which the holders have the right to receive an aggregate of 308,059 shares of common stock. The awards vest over terms from two to four years.

During the third quarter of 2017, the Compensation Committee granted employees RSU awards under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan under which the holders have the right to receive an aggregate of 117,514 shares of common stock. The awards vest over terms from two to four years.

The Company accounts for RSUs granted to consultants using the accounting guidance included in ASC 505-50 “Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees” (“ASC 505-50”). In accordance with ASC 505-50, the Company estimates the fair value of the unvested portion of the RSU award each reporting period using the closing price of common stock.

At September 30, 2017, the unamortized value of the RSUs was \$27,130,326. The unamortized amount will be expensed over a weighted average period of 2.7 years. A summary of the activity related to RSUs for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 is presented below:

	Total	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2017	2,052,223	\$ 11.58
RSUs granted	1,199,897	\$ 15.12
RSUs forfeited	(163,546)	\$ 12.52
RSUs vested	(590,536)	\$ 12.07
Outstanding at September 30, 2017	<u>2,498,038</u>	\$ 13.15

Performance Share Units (“PSUs”)

Performance share units (“PSUs”) are grants that vest upon the achievement of certain performance goals. The goals are commonly related to the Company’s market capitalization or market share price of the common stock.

The PSUs originally issued during 2015 to certain board members and senior management shall be earned based on the Company’s achievement of market capitalization growth between the effective date of the Employment Agreement and the end of the Initial Employment Period. If the Company’s market capitalization is \$100 million or less, no PSUs will be earned. If the Company reaches a market capitalization of \$1.1 billion or more, 100% of the PSUs will be earned. For market capitalization between \$100 million and \$1.1 billion, the percentage of PSUs earned will be determined on a quarterly basis based on straight line interpolation.

Note 6 - Stock-Based Compensation, continued

Performance Share Units (“PSUs”), continued

The Company determined that the PSUs were equity awards with both market and service conditions. The Company utilized a Monte Carlo simulation to determine the fair value of the market condition, as described below. Grantees of PSUs are required to be employed through December 31, 2018 in order to earn the entire award, if and when vested. No PSUs were granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Performance Share Units (PSUs) Granted During the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016	
Market capitalization	\$ 102,600,000
Dividend yield	0%
Expected volatility	75%
Risk-free interest rate	1.04%

The fair value of the grants of PSUs to purchase a total of 1,342,061 shares of common stock (including 1,278,153 PSUs granted under the 2015 Performance Share Unit Plan and 63,908 granted as an inducement) was determined to be approximately \$3,218,000, and is amortized over the service period of May 21, 2015 through December 31, 2018, on a straight-line basis.

On October 24, 2016, the Compensation Committee granted Mr. Rizzone a PSU award under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan under which Mr. Rizzone has the right to receive 150,000 shares of common stock. The shares of this award vest upon the Company’s stock price meeting specific targets.

For the PSU award grant issued to Mr. Rizzone, a Monte Carlo simulation was used to determine the fair value at each of the five target prices of common stock, using a market capitalization of \$298,857,000, dividend yield of 0%, expected volatility of 75% and a risk-free interest rate of 0.66%.

The fair value of the PSUs granted to Mr. Rizzone under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan was determined to be \$2,332,000, and is amortized over the estimated service period from October 24, 2016 through October 30, 2017.

Amortization for all PSU awards was \$399,867 and \$230,276 for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and \$1,601,160 and \$673,405 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

At September 30, 2017, the unamortized value of all PSUs was approximately \$1,173,346. The unamortized amount will be expensed over a weighted average period of 1.2 years. A summary of the activity related to PSUs for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 is presented below:

	Total	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2017	1,153,617	\$ 3.66
PSUs granted	-	\$ -
PSUs forfeited	-	\$ -
PSUs vested	-	\$ -
Outstanding at September 30, 2017	<u>1,153,617</u>	\$ 3.66

Note 6 - Stock-Based Compensation, continued

Deferred Stock Units (“DSUs”)

On January 4, 2016, the Compensation Committee granted to John Gaulding, Director and Chairman of the Board, DSUs under the 2014 Non-Employee Equity Compensation Plan for which Mr. Gaulding has the right to receive 14,953 shares of common stock. These shares were issued to Mr. Gaulding in lieu of \$125,000 of his anticipated compensation for his services on the board, including \$75,000 worth of RSUs and \$50,000 of his regular board stipends. The award granted vested fully on the first anniversary of the grant date. Amortization was \$0 and \$31,337 for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively and \$1,362 and \$92,307 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

At September 30, 2017, the DSUs were fully amortized. A summary of the activity related to DSUs for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 is presented below:

	Total	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2017	14,953	\$ 8.36
DSUs granted	-	\$ -
DSUs forfeited	-	\$ -
DSUs vested	14,953	\$ 8.36
Outstanding at September 30, 2017	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Employee Stock Purchase Plan (“ESPP”)

The recently completed offering period for the ESPP was January 1, 2017 through June 30, 2017. During the year ended December 31, 2016, there were two offering periods for the ESPP. The first offering period started on January 1, 2016 and concluded on June 30, 2016. The second offering period started on July 1, 2016 and concluded on December 31, 2016.

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of the purchase option for each designated share purchased under this plan was approximately \$5.88 and \$2.57 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, which represents the fair value of the option, consisting of three main components: (i) the value of the discount on the enrollment date, (ii) the proportionate value of the call option for 85% of the stock and (iii) the proportionate value of the put option for 15% of the stock. The Company recognized compensation expense for the plan of \$79,046 and \$266,398 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, and \$97,830 and \$220,546 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively.

The Company estimated the fair value of options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair values of stock options granted were estimated using the following assumptions:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
Stock price	\$16.08 - \$17.59	\$8.36 - \$12.16
Dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected volatility	56% - 66%	56% - 100%
Risk-free interest rate	0.62% - 1.11%	0.37% - 0.49%
Expected life	6 months	6 months

Note 6 - Stock-Based Compensation, continued

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

The following tables summarize total stock-based compensation costs recognized for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	<u>Three Months Ended September 30,</u>		<u>Nine Months Ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Stock options	\$ 246,617	\$ 296,272	\$ 738,599	\$ 842,569
RSUs	3,843,186	1,204,982	9,865,351	3,577,081
PSUs	399,867	230,276	1,601,160	673,405
ESPP	79,046	97,830	266,398	220,546
DSUs	-	31,337	1,362	92,307
Total	<u>\$ 4,568,716</u>	<u>\$ 1,860,697</u>	<u>\$ 12,472,870</u>	<u>\$ 5,405,908</u>

The total amount of stock-based compensation was reflected within the statements of operations as:

	<u>Three Months Ended September 30,</u>		<u>Nine Months Ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Research and development	\$ 2,558,472	\$ 960,362	\$ 6,643,094	\$ 2,628,454
Sales and marketing	281,518	89,072	782,366	213,842
General and administrative	1,728,726	811,263	5,047,410	2,563,612
Total	<u>\$ 4,568,716</u>	<u>\$ 1,860,697</u>	<u>\$ 12,472,870</u>	<u>\$ 5,405,908</u>

Note 7 - Related Party Transactions

On July 14, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors appointed Howard Yeaton as the Company's Interim Chief Financial Officer. Howard Yeaton is the Managing Principal of Financial Consulting Strategies LLC ("FCS"). During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company did not incur any fees for services provided by FCS. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company incurred \$0 and \$13,306, respectively, in fees for other financial advisory and accounting services provided by FCS. None of these fees were incurred in connection with Mr. Yeaton's services as Interim Chief Financial Officer.

In November 2016, the Company and Dialog Semiconductor plc ("Dialog") entered into an Alliance Agreement for the manufacture, distribution and commercialization of products incorporating the Company's wire-free charging technology (See Note 4 - Commitments and Contingencies, *Strategic Alliance Agreement*). On November 7, 2016 and June 28, 2017, the Company and Dialog entered into securities purchase agreements under which Dialog acquired a total of 1,739,691 shares and received warrants to purchase up to 1,417,565 shares (See Note 5 - Stockholders' Equity, *Private Placements*). Dialog presently owns approximately 8.2% of the Company's outstanding common shares, and could potentially own approximately 14.0% of the Company's outstanding common shares if it exercised all of its warrants for common shares. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company paid \$434,650 to Dialog for chip development costs incurred, which is recorded under research and development expense.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

As used in this report, unless the context otherwise requires the terms “we,” “us,” “our,” and “Energous” refer to Energous Corporation, a Delaware corporation. This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that are intended to be covered by the “safe harbor” created by those sections. Forward-looking statements, which are based on our current beliefs, expectations and assumptions, can generally be identified by the use of forward-looking terms such as “believe,” “expect,” “may,” “will,” “should,” “could,” “seek,” “intend,” “plan,” “estimate,” “anticipate” or other comparable terms. All statements in this report, other than statements of historical facts, about our strategies, prospects, financial condition, operations, costs, plans and objectives are forward-looking statements. Examples include our statements about expectations for revenues, cash flows and financial performance, utilization of our proprietary technology, anticipated results of our development efforts, investments in ICs, timing of regulatory approvals and product launches. Forward-looking statements are not assurances of future performance, but are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict and generally outside of our control, so actual results and financial condition may differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results and financial condition to differ materially from what is indicated in the forward-looking statements include, among others: our ability to develop a commercially feasible technology, and timing of customer implementations of that technology in consumer products; timing of regulatory approvals, particularly the Federal Communications Commission’s approval of transmitting power at a distance; our ability to find and maintain development partners; our ability to protect our intellectual property; competition; and other risks and uncertainties described in the Risk Factors and in Management’s Discussion and Analysis sections of the periodic reports we file with the SEC. We undertake no obligation to update any written or oral forward-looking statement that we may make, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

Overview

We have developed a technology called WattUp® that consists of proprietary semiconductor chipsets, software, hardware designs and antennas that enables RF-based charging for electronic devices, providing wire-free charging solutions for contact-based charging as well as at a distance charging, ultimately enabling charging with mobility under full software control. Pursuant to our Strategic Alliance Agreement with Dialog Semiconductor plc (“Dialog”), Dialog will manufacture and distribute integrated circuit products (“ICs”) incorporating our RF-based wire-free charging technology. Dialog will be our exclusive supplier of these ICs for the general market. We believe our proprietary technology can be utilized in a variety of devices, including wearables, hearing aids, earbuds, Bluetooth headsets, Internet of Things (“IoT”) devices, smartphones, tablets, e-book readers, keyboards, mice, remote controls, rechargeable lights, cylindrical batteries, medical devices and any other device with similar charging requirements that would otherwise need a battery or a connection to a power outlet.

We believe our technology is novel in its approach, in that we are developing a solution that charges electronic devices by surrounding them with a focused, three-dimensional radio frequency (“RF”) energy pocket (“RF energy pocket”). We are developing engineering solutions that we expect to enable the wire-free transmission of energy for contact-based applications and for far field applications in a circular charging envelope of up to 15 feet in radius. We are also developing our far field transmitter technology to seamlessly mesh (much like a network of WiFi routers) to form a wire-free charging network that will allow users to charge their devices as they walk from room-to-room or throughout a large space. To date, we have developed multiple transmitter prototypes in various form factors and power capabilities, and multiple receiver prototypes, including smartphone battery cases, toys, fitness trackers, Bluetooth headsets, tracking devices and stand-alone receivers.

When we were first founded, we recognized the need to build and design an enterprise-class network management and control system (“NMS”) that was integral to the architecture and development of our wire-free charging technology. Our NMS system can be scaled up to control an enterprise consisting of thousands of devices or scaled down to work in a home or IoT environment.

The power, distance and mobility capabilities of the WattUp technology were validated independently by an internationally recognized independent testing lab in October 2015, and the results are published on our website.

Our technology solution consists principally of transmitter and receiver ICs and novel antenna designs driven through innovative algorithms and software applications. We submitted our first IC design for wafer fabrication in November 2013 and have since been developing multiple generations of transmitter and receiver ICs, multiple antenna designs, as well as algorithms and software designs that we believe, in the aggregate, will optimize our technology by reducing size and cost, while increasing performance to a level that will enable our technology to be integrated into a broad spectrum of devices. We have developed a “building block” approach which allows us to scale our product implementations by combining multiple transmitter building blocks and/or multiple receiver building blocks to provide the power, distance, size and cost performance necessary to meet application requirements. While the technology is very scalable, in order to provide us the necessary strategic focus to grow effectively, we have defined our market as devices that require 10 watts or less of power to charge. We will continue to invest in IC development as well as in the other components of the WattUp system to improve product performance, efficiency, cost-performance and miniaturization as required to grow the business and expand the ecosystem, while also distancing us from any potential competition.

We believe that if our development, regulatory and commercialization efforts are successful, our transmitter and receiver technology will support a broad spectrum of charging solutions ranging from contact-based charging or charging at distances of a few millimeters (“near field”) to charging at distances of up to 15 feet (“far field”).

In January 2015, we signed a Development and License Agreement with one of the top consumer electronic companies in the world based on total worldwide revenues. The agreement is milestone-based and while there are no guarantees that the WattUp® technology will ever be integrated into our strategic partner’s consumer devices, we have achieved some milestones, as reflected in our 2016 and 2017 Engineering Services revenues. We expect to make continued progress toward achievement of significant new milestones that we expect will result in additional Engineering Services Revenue. Ultimately, if the strategic partner chooses to incorporate our technology into one or more of its consumer electronic products, we expect to recognize significant revenues based on the WattUp® technology.

Throughout 2016 and 2017, we have delivered evaluation kits to potential licensees to allow their engineering and product management departments to test and evaluate our technology. The testing and evaluation kits resulted in shipments of components to customers in the fourth quarter of 2017.

In November 2016, we entered into a Strategic Alliance Agreement with Dialog, pursuant to which Dialog agreed to manufacture and distribute IC products incorporating our wire-free charging technology. Dialog is our exclusive supplier of these products for the general market.

We have implemented an aggressive intellectual property strategy and are continuing to pursue patent protection for new innovations. As of September 30, 2017, we had more than 230 pending patent and provisional patent applications in the United States and abroad. Additionally, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office has issued us 27 patents and notified us of the allowance of 42 additional patent applications. In addition to the inventions covered by these patents and patent applications, we have identified a significant number of additional specific inventions we believe are novel and patentable. We intend to file for patent protection for the most valuable of these, as well as for other new inventions that we expect to develop. Our strategy is to continually monitor the costs and benefits of each patent application and pursue those that will best protect our business and extend our value proposition.

We have recruited and hired a seasoned management team with both private and public company experience and relevant industry experience to develop and execute our operating plan. In addition, we have identified and hired key engineering resources in the areas of IC development, antenna development, hardware, software and firmware engineering as well as integration and testing which will allow us to continue to expand our technology and intellectual property as well as meet the support requirements of our licensees.

The market for products using our technology is nascent and unproven, so the Company’s success is sensitive to many factors, including technological feasibility, regulatory approval, customer acceptance, competition and global market fluctuations.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue when the following criteria have been met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, services have been rendered, collection of the revenue is reasonably assured, and the fees are fixed or determinable.

We record revenue associated with product development projects that we enter into with certain customers, including one of the top consumer electronic companies in the world. In general, these projects involve complex technology development and milestone-based payments, and our ability to achieve the program milestones is uncertain. Achievement of a milestone depends on our performance and requires customer acceptance. Payments associated with achieving the milestone are generally commensurate with our effort or the value of the deliverable, and are nonrefundable. We record the expenses related to these projects, generally included in research and development expense, in the periods incurred.

At the beginning of a customer relationship, we often receive nonrefundable payments, for which there are no milestones. We recognize this revenue ratably over the initial engineering product development period. We record the expenses related to these projects, which are generally included in research and development expense, in the periods incurred.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

Revenues. During the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, we recorded revenue of \$250,000 and \$1,003,973, respectively. The decrease was due to the timing of the achievement of development milestones.

Operating Expenses and Loss from Operations. Operating expenses are made up of research and development, sales and marketing and general and administrative expenses. Losses from operations for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$12,751,623 and \$10,128,021, respectively.

Research and Development Costs. Research and development costs, which include costs for developing our technology, were \$8,743,434 and \$7,944,465, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. The increase in research and development costs of \$798,969 is primarily due to a \$1,994,703 increase in compensation, which includes a \$1,598,110 increase in stock-based compensation and a \$396,594 increase in payroll related compensation, primarily from an increase in headcount within the department, partially offset by a \$638,312 decrease in chip design, manufacturing and component costs, a \$351,842 decrease in consulting expense and a \$245,117 decrease in engineering software expense.

Sales and Marketing Costs. Sales and marketing costs for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$1,141,852 and \$736,751, respectively. The increase in sales and marketing costs of \$405,101 is primarily due to an increase of \$410,929 in compensation, which includes a \$192,446 increase in stock-based compensation, partially offset by a \$54,900 decrease in public relations costs due to most public relations duties now being performed internally instead of by an outside firm.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses include costs for general and corporate functions, including facility fees, travel, telecommunications, insurance, professional fees, consulting fees and other overhead. General and administrative costs for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$3,116,337 and \$2,450,778, respectively. The increase in general administrative costs of \$665,559 is primarily due to a \$917,463 increase in stock-based compensation, partially offset by a \$98,842 decrease in other compensation, primarily from lower executive bonus expense incurred, an \$87,536 combined decrease in postage, communications and supplies expense and a \$77,598 decrease in legal fees and stock registration expense.

Interest Income, Net. Interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$3,375 as compared to interest income of \$2,958 for the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Net Loss. As a result of the above, net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$12,748,248 as compared to \$10,125,063 for the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

Revenues. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, we recorded revenue of \$1,124,874 and \$1,322,155, respectively.

Operating Expenses and Loss from Operations. Operating expenses are made up of research and development, sales and marketing and general and administrative expenses. Loss from operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$38,149,015 and \$31,215,601, respectively.

Research and Development Costs. Research and development costs, which include costs for developing our technology, were \$25,788,621 and \$23,080,918, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. The increase in research and development costs of \$2,707,703 is primarily due to a \$5,926,863 increase in compensation, which includes a \$4,014,640 increase in stock-based compensation and a \$1,912,220 increase in payroll related compensation, primarily from an increase in headcount within the department, and a \$373,892 increase in depreciation expense, partially offset by a \$2,518,549 decrease in chip design, manufacturing and component costs, a \$710,109 decrease in engineering software expense and a \$573,215 decrease in consulting expense.

Sales and Marketing Costs. Sales and marketing costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$3,924,617 and \$2,189,995, respectively. The increase in sales and marketing costs of \$1,734,622 is primarily due to an increase of \$1,398,867 in compensation, which includes a \$568,524 in stock-based compensation, and a \$243,096 increase in tradeshow expenses, partially offset by a \$142,314 decrease in public relations expense.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses include costs for general and corporate functions, including facility fees, travel, telecommunications, insurance, professional fees, consulting fees and other overhead. General and administrative costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$9,560,651 and \$7,266,843, respectively. The increase in general administrative costs of \$2,293,808 is primarily due to a \$2,528,057 increase in compensation, which includes an increase in stock-based compensation of \$2,483,798, and a \$113,196 increase in legal and accounting costs, partially offset by minor decreases in other administrative expenses.

Interest Income, Net. Interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$9,343 as compared to interest income of \$9,441 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Net Loss. As a result of the above, net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$38,140,398 as compared to \$31,206,160 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We incurred net losses of \$38,140,398 and \$31,206,160 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Net cash used in operating activities was \$26,887,004 and \$24,439,565 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. We are currently meeting our liquidity requirements through four sales of shares to three different private investors during August 2016, November 2016, December 2016 and July 2017, which raised net proceeds of \$49,720,858, and payments received under product development projects.

As of September 30, 2017, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$20,223,859.

We believe our current cash on hand, together with anticipated payments to be received under current product development projects and anticipated royalties from chip revenue, together with potential new financing activities including potential sales of stock, will be sufficient to fund our operations through at least one year from the issuance of these unaudited condensed interim financial statements. Potential financing sources could include follow-on equity offerings, debt financing, co-development agreements or other alternatives. Depending upon market conditions, we may choose to pursue additional financing to, among other reasons, accelerate our product development efforts, regulatory activities and business development. On April 24, 2015, we filed a "shelf" registration statement on Form S-3, which became effective on April 30, 2015. The "shelf" registration statement allows us from time to time to sell any combination of debt or equity securities described in the registration statement up to aggregate proceeds of \$75,000,000. In November 2015, we consummated an offering under the shelf registration of 3,000,005 shares of common stock through which the Company raised net proceeds of \$19,048,456. In August 2016, we sold shares in a private placement in which we raised net proceeds of \$19,890,644. In November 2016, we sold shares in a private placement in which we raised net proceeds of \$9,925,755. In December 2016, we sold shares in a private placement in which we raised net proceeds of \$4,971,912. In July 2017, we sold shares in a private placement in which we raised net proceeds of \$14,932,547.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, cash flows used in operating activities were \$26,887,004, consisting of a net loss of \$38,140,398, less non-cash expenses aggregating \$13,533,580 (representing principally stock-based compensation of \$12,472,870 and depreciation expense of \$999,396), a \$101,000 increase in accounts receivable, a \$2,537,833 decrease in accounts payable, a \$209,179 decrease in accrued expenses and a \$102,823 decrease in deferred revenue, partially offset by a \$654,654 decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, cash flows used in operating activities were \$24,439,565, consisting of a net loss of \$31,206,160, less non-cash expenses aggregating \$6,095,109 (representing principally stock-based compensation of \$5,405,908 and depreciation expense of \$628,613), a \$625,000 increase in accounts receivable, a \$484,284 increase in prepaid and other current assets, partially offset by a \$948,700 increase in accounts payable from the timing of invoice payments, a \$717,002 increase in accrued expenses and a \$112,245 increase in deferred revenue.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, cash flows used in investing activities were \$515,147 and \$858,455, respectively. The cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 primarily consisted of the purchase of laboratory equipment and engineering software, offset by \$2,800 in proceeds from the sales of property and equipment. The increase for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 consisted of the purchase of laboratory equipment and building fixtures.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, cash flows provided by financing activities were \$16,367,373, which consisted of \$14,932,547 in net proceeds from the sale of shares to Dialog, \$738,552 in proceeds from the exercise of stock options and \$696,274 in proceeds from contributions to the employee stock purchase program ("ESPP"). During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, cash flows provided by financing activities were \$20,381,701, which consisted of \$19,890,660 in net proceeds from the sale of stock in a private placement with an investor, \$533,005 in proceeds from contributions to the ESPP and \$270,716 in proceeds from the exercise of stock options, offset by \$266,217 in shares withheld to cover payroll taxes on vested RSUs and \$46,463 in shares withheld to cover payroll taxes on vested PSUs.

Research and development of new technologies is, by its nature, unpredictable. Although we will undertake development efforts with commercially reasonable diligence, there can be no assurance that our available resources will be sufficient to enable us to develop our technology to the extent needed to create future revenues to sustain our operations.

We cannot assure that our technology will be adopted, that we will ever earn revenues sufficient to support our operations, or that we will ever be profitable. Furthermore, since we have no committed source of financing, there can be no assurance that we will be able to raise capital as and when we need it to continue our operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Transactions

As of September 30, 2017, we did not have any off-balance sheet transactions.

Material Changes in Specified Contractual Obligations

A table of our specified contractual obligations was provided in the *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation* of our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K. There were no material changes outside the ordinary course of our business in the specified contractual obligations during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

There has been no material change in our exposure to market risk during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. Please refer to "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" contained in Part II, Item 7A of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 for a discussion of our exposure to market risk.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We have established disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to us is made known to the officers who certify our financial reports and the board of directors.

Based on their evaluation as of September 30, 2017, our principal executive and principal financial and accounting officers have concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were effective as of September 30, 2017 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported, within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and that information required to be disclosed by us in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

For the quarter ended September 30, 2017, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not currently a party to any pending legal proceedings that we believe will have a material adverse effect on our business or financial conditions. We may, however, be subject to various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business from time to time.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed under “Risk Factors” in our annual report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 16, 2017. These factors could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and capital position, and could cause our actual results to differ materially from our historical results contemplated by any forward-looking statements contained in this report.

Item 2. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities; Use of Proceeds from Registered Securities

On July 5, 2017, we issued 976,139 shares of our common stock and a warrant to purchase up to 654,013 shares of common stock to Dialog as part of a private placement investment.

The sales of the above securities were deemed to be exempt from registration under the Securities Act in reliance upon Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act (or Regulation D or Regulation S promulgated thereunder) as transactions by an issuer not involving any public offering. The recipients of the securities in each of these transactions represented their intentions to acquire the securities for investment only and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof, and appropriate legends were placed upon the stock certificates issued in these transactions.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Document	Incorporated by Reference			Filed Herewith
		Form	File No.	Exhibit	
31.1	Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)				<u>X</u>
31.2	Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)				<u>X</u>
32.1*	Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to U.S.C. Section 1350				<u>X</u>
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.				X
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.				X
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.				X
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.				X
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.				X
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.				X

*This certification is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ENERGOUS CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Date: November 9, 2017

By: /s/ Stephen R. Rizzone
Name: Stephen R. Rizzone
Title: President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 9, 2017

By: /s/ Brian Sereda
Name: Brian Sereda
Title: Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description of Document	Incorporated by Reference			Filed Herewith
		Form	File No.	Filing Date	
<u>31.1</u>	<u>Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)</u>				<u>X</u>
<u>31.2</u>	<u>Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)</u>				<u>X</u>
<u>32.1*</u>	<u>Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to U.S.C. Section 1350</u>				<u>X</u>
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.				X
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.				X
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.				X
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.				X
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.				X
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.				X

*This certification is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act.

**CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Stephen R. Rizzone, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Energous Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2017

/s/ Stephen R. Rizzone

Name: Stephen R. Rizzone

Title: President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

**CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Brian Sereda, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Energous Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2017

/s/ Brian Sereda

Name: Brian Sereda

Title: Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Energous Corporation, (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, Stephen R. Rizzone, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Brian Sereda, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Energous Corporation and will be retained by Energous Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

/s/ Stephen R. Rizzone
Name: Stephen R. Rizzone
Title: President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Date: November 9, 2017

/s/ Brian Sereda
Name: Brian Sereda
Title: Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Date: November 9, 2017
